Table 1. Incidence rates1 of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry division, selected industries and case type, 1996 Indiana

				Injuries ar	nd illnesses			Inju	uries	
		1996 Annual		Lost work	day cases			Lost work	day cases	
Industry ²	SIC code ³	average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays
All industries including State and local government ⁷		2,706.3	9.5	4.0	2.5	5.5	8.6	3.7	2.4	4.9
Private industry ⁷		2,379.9	9.7	4.2	2.6	5.6	8.8	3.8	2.4	4.9
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁷		23.8	8.5	2.7	2.1	5.8	8.1	2.7	2.0	5.4
Mining ⁸		6.3	5.5	3.4	2.8	2.1	5.4	3.4	2.8	2.0
Construction	15 16 17	134.0 37.4 16.4 80.2	11.8 12.2 11.4 11.6	4.8 5.0 5.5 4.6	4.2 4.5 4.7 3.9	6.9 7.2 5.9 7.0	11.5 12.0 11.3 11.3	4.7 4.8 5.4 4.5	4.1 4.3 4.6 3.8	6.8 7.2 5.8 6.7
Manufacturing	33 34 35 36 37 20 27 28	674.6 484.1 67.4 61.8 74.7 64.5 113.1 190.5 33.9 41.0 28.9	14.2 14.8 15.8 18.9 14.4 11.0 15.8 12.4 21.5 7.3 5.6	5.9 5.8 6.5 7.7 5.5 5.0 6.0 11.2 3.3 2.7	3.0 3.1 3.9 4.5 2.4 2.5 2.5 2.9 4.8 1.8	8.3 9.0 9.3 11.2 9.0 6.0 10.7 6.4 10.3 4.0 2.9	12.1 12.7 14.6 17.4 11.6 8.6 12.4 10.5 16.4 6.4 5.0	5.0 5.0 6.1 6.9 4.5 3.7 4.1 5.0 8.3 3.0 2.4	2.7 2.8 3.7 4.0 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.6 4.3 1.6 1.3	7.1 7.7 8.5 10.4 7.1 4.9 8.3 5.5 8.1 3.4 2.6
Transportation and public utilities ^{8,9}	45 49	132.1 19.0 21.1	7.6 21.3 6.8	4.2 15.0 2.9	3.1 12.0 1.3	3.4 6.3 3.9	7.4 21.0 6.3	4.1 14.9 2.8	3.0 11.9 1.2	3.3 6.1 3.5
Wholesale and retail trade	53 54	678.2 138.9 539.3 78.1 71.3	8.3 9.3 8.0 9.4 10.2	3.7 5.2 3.2 5.1 3.4	2.4 3.1 2.2 3.0 2.3	4.6 4.1 4.7 4.3 6.8	7.8 9.2 7.3 9.1 10.0	3.6 5.1 3.1 4.9 3.4	2.3 3.1 2.1 2.9 2.2	4.2 4.0 4.2 4.2 6.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate		132.3	2.5	1.1	.8	1.4	2.3	1.0	.7	1.3
Services	70 80	598.2 22.2 214.8	6.8 7.2 9.2	2.8 2.4 4.2	2.0 1.5 2.8	3.9 4.9 5.0	6.3 7.1 8.6	2.7 2.3 4.0	1.9 1.4 2.7	3.6 4.8 4.6
State and local government		326.4	7.7	2.7	2.2	5.0	7.3	2.6	2.1	4.7
State government	82 82	89.3 55.3 43.1 237.1 164.2 137.8	5.9 5.6 3.7 8.7 8.0 7.7	2.4 2.5 1.4 2.9 2.5 2.2	1.9 2.0 1.3 2.3 1.9 1.7	3.4 3.1 2.3 5.8 5.5 5.5	5.5 5.1 3.3 8.3 7.6 7.6	2.3 2.3 1.3 2.8 2.4 2.2	1.8 1.9 1.2 2.2 1.8 1.7	3.1 2.8 2.0 5.5 5.2 5.4

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

= number of injuries and illnesses

ΕН = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁹ In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than those for prior years.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of

restricted work activity, or both.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from

work with or without restricted work activity.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Table 2. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry division, selected industries and case type, 1996 Indiana

				Injuries ar	nd illnesses			Inju	uries	
		1996 Annual		Lost work	day cases	Cases		Lost work	day cases	Cases
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)		Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)	without lost workdays (000's)
All industries including State and local government ⁶		2,706.3	219.9	93.0	58.6	126.9	198.6	85.0	55.1	113.6
Private industry ⁶		2,379.9	199.7	85.8	53.0	113.9	179.5	78.1	49.7	101.4
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶		23.8	1.4	.5	.3	1.0	1.3	.4	.3	.9
Mining ⁷		6.3	.4	.2	.2	.1	.4	.2	.2	.1
Construction General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors	15 16 17	134.0 37.4 16.4 80.2	14.6 4.2 1.8 8.6	6.0 1.7 .9 3.4	5.2 1.5 .7 2.9	8.6 2.5 .9 5.2	14.2 4.1 1.7 8.3	5.9 1.7 .8 3.4	5.0 1.5 .7 2.8	8.3 2.5 .9 5.0
Manufacturing	33 34 35 36 37 20 27 28	674.6 484.1 67.4 61.8 74.7 64.5 113.1 190.5 33.9 41.0 28.9	96.5 73.1 11.4 11.7 11.1 7.1 18.0 23.4 7.4 2.8 1.6	39.9 28.6 4.7 4.8 4.2 3.2 5.8 11.3 3.8 1.3	20.6 15.0 2.8 2.8 1.8 1.6 2.9 5.5 1.6 .7	56.6 44.5 6.7 7.0 6.9 3.8 12.2 12.1 3.5 1.5	82.3 62.5 10.6 10.8 8.9 5.5 14.1 19.8 5.6 2.5	34.1 24.7 4.4 4.3 3.4 2.4 4.7 9.4 2.8 1.2	18.6 13.6 2.7 2.5 1.6 1.3 2.6 4.9 1.5 .6	48.3 37.9 6.1 6.5 5.5 3.1 9.4 10.4 2.8 1.3
Transportation and public utilities ^{7,8}	45 49	132.1 19.0 21.1	10.4 3.2 1.5	5.7 2.2 .7	4.2 1.8 .3	4.7 .9 .9	10.2 3.1 1.4	5.7 2.2 .6	4.2 1.8 .3	4.5 .9 .8
Wholesale and retail trade	53 54	678.2 138.9 539.3 78.1 71.3	43.8 12.5 31.3 5.5 5.0	19.7 7.0 12.7 3.0 1.7	12.8 4.2 8.6 1.7 1.1	24.1 5.5 18.6 2.5 3.3	40.9 12.2 28.7 5.3 4.9	18.8 6.8 12.0 2.9 1.6	12.3 4.1 8.2 1.7 1.1	22.1 5.4 16.7 2.5 3.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate		132.3	3.0	1.3	1.0	1.7	2.7	1.2	.9	1.5
Services Hotels and other lodging places Health services	70 80	598.2 22.2 214.8	29.7 1.2 15.8	12.5 .4 7.2	8.7 .3 4.8	17.2 .8 8.6	27.5 1.2 14.7	11.8 .4 6.9	8.2 .2 4.6	15.6 .8 7.8
State and local government		326.4	20.2	7.2	5.7	13.0	19.1	6.9	5.5	12.2
State government Services Educational services Local government Services Educational services	82 82	89.3 55.3 43.1 237.1 164.2 137.8	5.4 3.6 2.0 14.8 8.4 6.5	2.2 1.6 .7 4.9 2.7 1.9	1.8 1.3 .7 3.9 2.0 1.5	3.2 2.0 1.2 9.9 5.8 4.7	5.0 3.3 1.8 14.1 8.1 6.4	2.2 1.5 .7 4.8 2.6 1.8	1.7 1.2 .6 3.8 2.0 1.4	2.9 1.8 1.1 9.3 5.5 4.5

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

4 Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of

restricted work activity, or both.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of

⁸ In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than those for prior years.

Table 3. Incidence rates1 of nonfatal injuries by industry division and employment size, 1996

	A.II		Establishme	ent employment siz	e (workers)	
Industry division	All establish- ments	1 to 10	11 to 49	50 to 249	250 to 999	1,000 or more
All industries including State and local government ²	8.6	3.1	7.5	11.2	9.6	8.1
Private industry ²	8.8	3.2	7.5	11.4	9.8	8.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ²	8.1	_	8.6	_	_	-
Mining ³	5.4	_	4.4	_	_	-
Construction	11.5	7.5	13.7	14.1	_	-
Manufacturing	12.1	4.3	12.3	14.9	11.9	9.5
Durable goods	12.7	6.1	13.4	16.2	12.0	10.3
Nondurable goods	10.5	1.0	10.4	12.0	11.9	5.4
Transportation and public utilities 3,4	7.4	.5	8.3	8.8	5.6	9.9
Wholesale and retail trade	7.8	3.2	7.1	9.6	12.4	9.6
Wholesale trade	9.2	4.1	9.0	10.6	_	-
Retail trade	7.3	2.9	6.4	9.2	_	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2.3	_	3.9	2.2	_	-
Services	6.3	1.7	4.1	10.5	6.9	6.6
State and local government	7.3	2.4	2.9	7.8	8.2	6.9
State government	5.5	1.6	3.8	10.5	6.8	5.2
Local government	8.3	2.5	2.7	7.7	8.5	9.1

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

N = number of injuries

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers
(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

⁴ In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than those for prior years.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.
— Data not available.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational illnesses, by industry division and case type, 1996

		Lost work	day cases	Cases	Disorders
Industry division	Total cases (000's)	Total ¹ (000's)	With days away from work ² (000's)	without lost workdays (000's)	associated with repeated trauma (000's)
All industries including State and local government ³	21.3	7.9	3.5	13.3	12.9
Private industry ³	20.2	7.7	3.3	12.5	12.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ³	.1	(4)	(4)	.1	(4)
Mining ⁵	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Construction	.4	.1	.1	.2	.1
Manufacturing	14.1	5.8	2.0	8.3	10.2
Durable goods	10.5	3.9	1.4	6.6	7.4
Nondurable goods	3.6	1.9	.6	1.7	2.8
Transportation and public utilities ^{5,6}	.2	.1	(4)	.2	.1
Wholesale and retail trade	2.9	.9	.5	2.0	1.5
Wholesale trade	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1
Retail trade	2.6	.8	.5	1.9	1.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	.3	.1	.1	.2	.2
Services	2.2	.6	.4	1.6	.7
State and local government	1.1	.3	.2	.9	.2
State government	.4	.1	.1	.3	.1
Local government	.7	.2	.2	.6	.1

¹ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

3 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Fewer than 50 cases.

⁵ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁶ In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than those for prior years.

Table 5. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry division, 1993-96

							L	ost work	day case	s							
Industry division		Total cases			Total ²				With	days awa	ay from w	ork ³	Cases without lost workdays				
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1993	1994	1995	1996	1993	1994	1995	1996	1993	1994	1995	1996	
Private industry ⁴	11.0	11.3	10.8	9.7	4.6	4.9	4.9	4.2	3.5	3.4	3.3	2.6	6.3	6.4	5.9	5.6	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing 4	12.4	12.3	9.7	8.5	6.0	5.2	5.1	2.7	5.1	3.9	3.9	2.1	6.4	7.1	4.7	5.8	
Mining ⁵	6.9	6.3	6.0	5.5	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.4	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.1	
Construction	13.2	12.0	12.7	11.8	5.9	5.6	6.2	4.8	5.4	5.0	5.5	4.2	7.2	6.4	6.5	6.9	
Manufacturing	14.8	16.1	15.4	14.2	6.1	6.9	6.6	5.9	4.0	4.2	3.8	3.0	8.7	9.2	8.8	8.3	
Durable goods	15.8	17.0	16.7	14.8	6.1	6.9	6.9	5.8	4.1	4.2	3.9	3.1	9.6	10.1	9.8	9.0	
Nondurable goods	12.5	14.0	12.0	12.4	6.0	7.0	5.9	6.0	3.9	4.1	3.5	2.9	6.5	7.0	6.1	6.4	
Transportation and public utilities ^{5,6}	8.7	10.8	11.1	7.6	4.9	6.8	6.5	4.2	4.2	5.5	5.4	3.1	3.8	4.0	4.6	3.4	
Wholesale and retail trade	9.4	9.3	8.8	8.3	3.8	3.6	3.9	3.7	3.0	2.7	2.9	2.4	5.6	5.7	4.9	4.6	
Wholesale trade	8.4 9.7	7.8 9.8	9.5 8.5	9.3 8.0	3.9 3.7	4.1 3.4	4.8 3.6	5.2 3.2	3.1 3.0	3.1 2.6	3.5 2.6	3.1 2.2	4.5 5.9	3.7 6.5	4.7 4.9	4.1 4.7	
Retail tradeFinance, insurance, and real estate	3.7	2.8	2.4	2.5	3.7 1.8	1.0	1.1	3.∠ 1.1	1.4	2.6 .8	2.6 .9	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.4	4.7 1.4	
Services	8.8	7.9	7.6	6.8	3.6	3.2	3.6	2.8	2.9	.o 2.5	.9 2.7	.o 2.0	5.2	4.7	4.0	3.9	
State and local government	8.3	8.3	7.3	7.7	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.2	5.3	5.3	4.4	5.0	
State government	7.6	7.3	6.5	5.9	2.7	2.6	2.8	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	1.9	4.9	4.7	3.7	3.4	
Local government	8.8	8.8	7.7	8.7	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.3	5.6	5.7	4.7	5.8	

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁶ In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than those for prior years.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

 $^{^{2}}$ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted activity, or both.

³ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁵ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996
Indiana

		1996		Injuries an	nd illnesses			Inju	ıries	1
	010	Annual		Lost work	day cases			Lost work	day cases	
Industry ²	SIC code ³	average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays
All industries including State and local government ⁷		2,706.3	9.5	4.0	2.5	5.5	8.6	3.7	2.4	4.9
Private industry ⁷		2,379.9	9.7	4.2	2.6	5.6	8.8	3.8	2.4	4.9
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁷		23.8	8.5	2.7	2.1	5.8	8.1	2.7	2.0	5.4
Agricultural production ⁷	01-02 01 07	9.9 6.0 13.7	10.3 10.4 7.6	3.5 2.8 2.3	2.2 1.8 2.0	6.8 7.6 5.3	9.8 10.1 7.2	3.5 2.8 2.3	2.2 1.8 1.9	6.4 7.2 4.9
Mining ⁸		6.3	5.5	3.4	2.8	2.1	5.4	3.4	2.8	2.0
Construction		134.0	11.8	4.8	4.2	6.9	11.5	4.7	4.1	6.8
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Manufacturing Durable goods Lumber and wood products Millwork, plywood and structural members Wood kitchen cabinets Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Office furniture Stone, clay, and glass products	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 172 173 174 176 177 24 243 2434 245 2451 25 251 251 252 32	37.4 19.4 17.6 16.4 4.5 11.8 80.2 21.4 4.6 13.3 9.0 6.5 6.2 674.6 484.1 28.7 12.6 5.6 8.5 7.7 25.2 9.7 6.2 18.5	12.2 12.6 11.9 11.4 10.9 11.6 11.0 8.3 10.7 13.2 20.3 10.8 14.2 14.8 21.2 20.3 16.1 26.2 27.3 13.2 14.4 13.1 8.7	5.0 5.1 5.0 5.5 5.1 5.7 4.6 3.8 3.6 3.1 7.3 10.7 5.3 5.9 5.8 9.0 9.2 5.9 7.9 7.8 4.7 5.6 3.1 3.1	4.5 4.7 4.3 4.7 3.9 5.0 3.9 3.4 2.6 2.3 6.2 9.8 4.8 3.0 3.1 5.8 5.4 4.0 5.6 5.3 2.8 2.9 2.9 2.1	7.2 7.5 7.0 5.9 5.8 5.9 7.0 7.1 4.7 7.6 5.9 9.6 5.5 8.3 9.0 12.3 11.1 10.2 18.3 19.4 8.5 8.8 10.0 4.7	12.0 12.4 11.7 11.3 10.7 11.5 11.3 10.3 8.2 10.6 12.7 20.1 9.9 12.1 12.7 20.7 19.3 14.4 26.2 27.2 11.7 12.1 12.2 8.2	4.8 5.0 4.8 5.1 5.6 4.5 3.6 3.5 3.1 7.3 10.6 5.2 5.0 5.0 8.8 8.9 5.3 7.9 7.8 4.2 4.9 3.8	4.3 4.5 4.2 4.6 3.8 4.9 3.8 2.4 2.3 6.2 9.8 4.8 2.7 2.8 5.7 5.2 3.7 5.6 5.3 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.1	7.2 7.5 6.9 5.8 5.7 5.9 6.7 6.7 6.7 7.5 5.4 4.7 7.1 11.9 10.4 9.1 18.3 19.4 7.5 7.2 9.3 4.4
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Blast furnace and basic steel products Blast furnaces and steel mills Iron and steel foundries Gray and ductile iron foundries Nonferrous rolling and drawing Nonferrous foundries (castings) Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Metal forgings and stampings Automotive stampings Metal services, n.e.c. Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Engines and turbines Construction and related machinery Metalworking machinery Special dies, tools, jigs and fixtures General industrial machinery Refrigeration and service machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c.	327 33 331 3312 332 3321 335 3357 336 34 344 346 3465 347 349 35 351 351 353 354 354 358 359	5.3 67.4 34.1 30.4 10.0 7.5 10.1 5.4 7.0 61.8 15.2 14.6 9.3 6.3 11.8 74.7 11.6 5.7 12.7 9.7 14.0 10.8	12.9 15.8 8.7 7.7 43.1 50.5 10.7 11.3 18.6 28.6 28.6 17.4 14.4 6.7 14.6 9.9 9.3 15.4 25.5 16.5	5.9 6.5 3.5 3.0 14.7 16.7 7.4 9.9 7.7 6.8 8.2 8.8 8.5 5.5 2.5 5.5 2.5 5.6 9.9 6.2	4.9 3.9 2.5 2.1 8.6 10.4 3.8 5.1 4.5 4.2 5.6 6.1 5.8 5.0 2.4 1.0 2.6 1.9 3.5	7.0 9.3 5.2 4.7 28.4 33.8 4.1 3.9 8.6 11.2 15.4 19.8 8.9 10.2 9.0 4.2 9.1 7.1 6.8 9.7 15.7	12.7 14.6 8.0 7.1 40.4 47.6 10.4 11.3 16.0 17.4 17.3 21.6 26.1 17.1 15.7 11.6 5.8 13.4 9.7 9.3 13.8 13.3	5.9 6.1 3.4 3.0 13.9 15.9 6.6 7.4 8.4 6.9 6.4 7.5 8.0 6.8 4.5 2.1 5.2 2.7 2.5 4.9 5.9	4.9 3.7 2.4 2.1 8.2 9.9 3.8 5.1 4.1 4.0 3.9 5.1 5.6 4.0 2.1 .8 2.3 2.0 1.9 2.3 1.5 3.2	6.8 8.5 4.6 4.2 26.5 31.7 3.9 10.4 10.9 14.1 18.1 8.8 8.9 7.1 3.7 6.7 8.3 7.0 9.2

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued Indiana

			indian	a						
		1996		Injuries ar	nd illnesses			Inju	ıries	
		Annual		Lost work	day cases			Lost work	day cases	
Industry ²	SIC code ³	average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays
Electronic and other electric equipment	36	64.5	11.0	5.0	2.5	6.0	8.6	3.7	2.0	4.9
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	6.7	16.0	8.2	3.0	7.8	12.4	6.0	2.6	6.4
Motors and generators	3621	5.2	16.1	9.0	3.0	7.1	11.8	6.5	2.5	5.4
Household appliances	363	8.6	18.7	9.5	2.0	9.2	14.0	6.2	1.7	7.8
Household refrigerators and freezers	3632	6.5	19.6	9.8	1.8	9.8	14.3	6.1	1.4	8.2
Electronic components and accessories	367	11.7	9.9	4.2	3.4	5.7	7.2	3.0	2.5	4.3
Miscellaneous electrical equipment and										
supplies	369	13.3	12.4	6.4	3.4	6.0	10.1	5.1	3.0	5.1
Transportation equipment	37	113.1	15.8	5.0	2.5	10.7	12.4	4.1	2.3	8.3
Motor vehicles and equipment	371 3714	89.7 60.9	16.8 15.3	5.2 4.9	2.5 2.0	11.6 10.4	12.8 10.4	4.2 3.8	2.2 1.8	8.6 6.7
Motor vehicle parts and accessories Aircraft and parts	3714	7.7	7.0	1.9	.8	5.1	5.9	1.6	.7	4.4
Miscellaneous transportation equipment	372	10.2	15.4	5.9	3.5	9.5	14.5	5.4	3.3	9.1
Instruments and related products	38	19.2	7.8	3.8	1.2	4.0	6.0	2.8	1.0	3.2
Measuring and controlling devices	382	7.2	8.3	4.5	1.4	3.8	6.1	3.1	1.2	3.0
Medical instruments and supplies	384	10.1	7.4	3.8	1.1	3.6	5.9	3.0	.8	2.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	11.0	11.8	6.3	2.3	5.5	9.8	5.1	2.1	4.7
Miscellaneous manufactures	399	5.7	10.1	4.4	2.0	5.7	9.2	4.1	1.9	5.1
Nondurable goods		190.5	12.4	6.0	2.9	6.4	10.5	5.0	2.6	5.5
Food and kindred products	20	33.9	21.5	11.2	4.8	10.3	16.4	8.3	4.3	8.1
Meat products	201	7.3	43.6	23.5	5.8	20.1	24.0	12.7	4.5	11.3
Grain mill products	204	4.5	6.7	3.5	2.3	3.2	6.6	3.5	2.2	3.1
Bakery products	205	5.1	14.7	8.6	3.7	6.1	14.6	8.5	3.7	6.1
Beverages	208	4.0	16.8	8.2	6.9	8.6	15.9	7.8	6.4	8.1
Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products	23 26	8.8 15.3	13.2 7.9	6.0 3.5	3.5 2.3	7.2 4.4	10.8 7.5	4.7 3.3	2.9 2.1	6.1 4.2
Paper and affect products	265	7.1	9.3	3.9	2.5	5.4	8.7	3.5	2.1	5.1
Miscellaneous converted paper products	267	6.8	7.1	3.4	2.0	3.7	6.8	3.2	1.9	3.6
Printing and publishing	27	41.0	7.3	3.3	1.8	4.0	6.4	3.0	1.6	3.4
Newspapers	271	11.2	5.4	2.2	1.2	3.2	4.2	2.0	1.1	2.2
Commercial printing	275	16.5	7.3	3.2	1.8	4.2	6.6	2.9	1.7	3.8
Chemicals and allied products	28	28.9	5.6	2.7	1.5	2.9	5.0	2.4	1.3	2.6
_Drugs	283	15.1	3.0	1.3	.6	1.8	2.6	1.1	.6	1.4
Petroleum and coal products	29	3.8	4.4	2.3	.4	2.1	4.3	2.3	.4	2.0
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	30	55.8	15.7	7.5	3.6	8.2	14.1	6.6	3.2	7.5
Fabricated rubber products, n.e.c.	306	8.4	16.3	9.9	3.8	6.4	13.8	8.5	3.4	5.3
Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c	308	38.4	15.7	6.7	3.7	9.0	14.3	5.9	3.2	8.4
Plastics products, n.e.c.	3089	26.0	17.0	7.4	3.6	9.6	15.5	6.6	3.2	8.9
Transportation and public utilities 8,9		132.1	7.6	4.2	3.1	3.4	7.4	4.1	3.0	3.3
Railroad transportation 8	40	_	3.6	2.9	2.6	.7	3.6	2.9	2.6	.6
Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and courier services,	41	4.9	7.8	5.2	3.8	2.6	7.6	5.2	3.8	2.4
except air 9	421	57.3	6.5	3.0	2.4	3.5	6.5	3.0	2.4	3.5
Transportation by air ⁹	45	19.0	21.3	15.0	12.0	6.3	21.0	14.9	11.9	6.1
Communications	48	20.2	3.4	1.3	1.0	2.2	3.2	1.2	1.0	2.0
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	21.1	6.8	2.9	1.3	3.9	6.3	2.8	1.2	3.5
Electric services	491	10.7	5.1	2.2	.5	2.9	4.5	2.1	.5	2.4
Wholesale and retail trade		678.2	8.3	3.7	2.4	4.6	7.8	3.6	2.3	4.2
Wholesale trade		138.9	9.3	5.2	3.1	4.1	9.2	5.1	3.1	4.0
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	90.0	8.8	4.5	3.2	4.3	8.7	4.4	3.2	4.2
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	14.0	9.7	4.9	2.5	4.7	9.6	4.9	2.4	4.7
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	48.8	10.4	6.6	3.0	3.8	10.0	6.3	2.8	3.7
Groceries and related products	514	15.2	16.9	9.2	4.7	7.8	16.7	9.1	4.6	7.6
										<u> </u>

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued Indiana

		1996		Injuries an	nd illnesses			Inju 	uries	
	SIC	Annual average		Lost work	day cases	Cases		Lost work	day cases	Cases
Industry ²	code ³	employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶		Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost workdays
Retail trade		539.3	8.0	3.2	2.2	4.7	7.3	3.1	2.1	4.2
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Food stores	52 521 53 54	26.5 16.5 78.1 71.3	10.5 13.6 9.4 10.2	5.2 7.1 5.1 3.4	2.6 3.4 3.0 2.3	5.3 6.5 4.3 6.8	10.2 13.1 9.1 10.0	5.1 7.0 4.9 3.4	2.6 3.4 2.9 2.2	5.1 6.1 4.2 6.6
Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores	541 55 551 554 56	64.7 60.2 23.5 22.2 20.3	10.2 8.6 7.4 5.3 4.9	3.1 2.9 2.3 1.7 2.3	2.2 2.4 1.9 1.3	7.1 5.7 5.2 3.6 2.6	9.9 7.9 7.4 5.2 4.8	3.0 2.9 2.3 1.7 2.2	2.2 2.4 1.9 1.3	6.9 5.0 5.2 3.5 2.6
Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	57 58 59	19.8 195.4 67.7	5.6 6.4 7.7	2.9 2.2 3.4	2.3 1.8 2.3	2.7 4.2 4.3	5.6 5.8 5.7	2.9 2.0 2.7	2.3 1.7 1.9	2.7 3.7 3.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate		132.3	2.5	1.1	.8	1.4	2.3	1.0	.7	1.3
Depository institutions	60 63 65	44.0 31.0 25.0	2.1 2.2 6.6	1.1 .9 2.3	1.0 .4 1.9	1.0 1.3 4.2	1.9 1.7 6.1	1.0 .6 2.2	.9 .3 1.8	.9 1.1 3.8
Services		598.2	6.8	2.8	2.0	3.9	6.3	2.7	1.9	3.6
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services Residential care Engineering and management services	70 72 75 76 79 80 805 806 82 83 836 87	22.2 28.3 24.8 8.2 27.3 214.8 50.2 80.9 28.0 43.9 13.4 32.2	7.2 7.1 7.1 6.6 8.3 9.2 19.8 8.5 3.8 8.6 10.6 1.7	2.4 3.8 2.9 2.7 3.3 4.2 10.1 3.2 1.5 3.5 3.6 .5	1.5 2.6 2.5 2.0 - 2.8 6.7 2.0 1.0 2.0 2.8 .4	4.9 3.3 4.2 3.9 5.0 5.0 9.7 5.2 2.2 5.1 7.0	7.1 5.5 7.0 6.5 8.0 8.6 19.4 7.4 3.4 8.4 10.5	2.3 3.3 2.8 2.7 - 4.0 10.0 3.0 1.4 3.5 3.6 .5	1.4 2.4 2.4 1.9 - 2.7 6.5 1.9 2.0 2.7 .4	4.8 2.2 4.1 3.8 4.7 4.6 9.4 4.4 2.0 5.0 6.9
State and local government		326.4	7.7	2.7	2.2	5.0	7.3	2.6	2.1	4.7
State government		89.3	5.9	2.4	1.9	3.4	5.5	2.3	1.8	3.1
Services		55.3	5.6	2.5	2.0	3.1	5.1	2.3	1.9	2.8
Health services Hospitals Educational services	80 806 82	10.3 - 43.1	14.2 14.2 3.7	6.9 6.9 1.4	5.1 5.1 1.3	7.3 7.3 2.3	13.3 13.3 3.3	6.6 6.6 1.3	4.8 4.8 1.2	6.7 6.7 2.0
Public administration		33.4	6.8	2.4	1.9	4.3	6.4	2.4	1.8	4.1
Local government		237.1	8.7	2.9	2.3	5.8	8.3	2.8	2.2	5.5
Services		164.2	8.0	2.5	1.9	5.5	7.6	2.4	1.8	5.2
Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Libraries	82 821 823	137.8 132.1 –	7.7 7.9 3.0	2.2 2.3 .5	1.7 1.8 .5	5.5 5.6 2.5	7.6 7.7 3.0	2.2 2.2 .5	1.7 1.7 .5	5.4 5.5 2.5

Table 6. Incidence rates1 of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued Indiana

Industry ²		4000		Injuries an	d illnesses			Inju	ıries	
	010	1996 Annual		Lost work	day cases			Lost work	day cases	
	SIC code ³	average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays
Public administration		68.5	9.8	3.5	3.0	6.3	9.2	3.4	2.8	5.8

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

= number of injuries and illnesses

EΗ = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

- ² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.
- ³ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.
- Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment
- in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

 ⁵ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

 ⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from
- work with or without restricted work activity.
 - Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.
- 8 Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided

to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than those for prior years.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Data not available.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996
Indiana

				Injuries an	nd illnesses	ı		Inju	ıries	
		1996 Annual		Lost work	day cases			Lost work	day cases	
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)
All industries including State and local government ⁶		2,706.3	219.9	93.0	58.6	126.9	198.6	85.0	55.1	113.6
Private industry ⁶		2,379.9	199.7	85.8	53.0	113.9	179.5	78.1	49.7	101.4
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶		23.8	1.4	.5	.3	1.0	1.3	.4	.3	.9
Agricultural production ⁶	01-02 01 07	9.9 6.0 13.7	.6 .3 .8	.2 .1 .3	.1 .1 .2	.4 .2 .6	.6 .3 .8	.2 .1 .2	.1 .1 .2	.4 .2 .5
Mining ⁷		6.3	.4	.2	.2	.1	.4	.2	.2	.1
Construction		134.0	14.6	6.0	5.2	8.6	14.2	5.9	5.0	8.3
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 172 173 174 176	37.4 19.4 17.6 16.4 4.5 11.8 80.2 21.4 4.6 13.3 9.0 6.5 6.2	4.2 2.1 2.1 1.8 .4 1.3 8.6 2.3 .3 1.4 1.0 1.1	1.7 .8 .9 .9 .2 .6 3.4 .8 .1 .4 .5 .6	1.5 .8 .8 .7 .2 .6 2.9 .7 .1 .3 .5 .5	2.5 1.2 1.2 .9 .2 .7 5.2 1.5 .2 1.0 .4 .5	4.1 2.0 2.0 1.7 .4 1.3 8.3 2.2 .3 1.4 .9 1.1	1.7 .8 .8 .8 .2 .6 3.4 .8 .1 .4 .5 .6	1.5 .7 .7 .7 .2 .6 2.8 .7 .1 .3 .5 .5	2.5 1.2 1.2 .9 .2 .7 5.0 1.4 .2 1.0 .4 .5
Manufacturing		674.6	96.5	39.9	20.6	56.6	82.3	34.1	18.6	48.3
Durable goods		484.1	73.1	28.6	15.0	44.5	62.5	24.7	13.6	37.9
Lumber and wood products	24	28.7	5.9	2.5	1.6	3.4	5.8	2.5	1.6	3.3
members Wood kitchen cabinets Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Office furniture Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Blast furnace and basic steel products Blast furnaces and steel mills Iron and steel foundries Gray and ductile iron foundries Nonferrous rolling and drawing Nonferrous wiredrawing and insulating Nonferrous foundries (castings) Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Metal forgings and stampings Automotive stampings Metal services, n.e.c. Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Engines and turbines Construction and related machinery Metalworking machinery Special dies, tools, jigs and fixtures General industrial machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c.	243 2434 2454 2451 25 251 252 327 33 331 3312 3323 3321 335 3357 336 344 346 3465 347 349 35 351 353 354 354 356 358 358	12.6 5.6 8.5 7.7 25.2 9.7 6.2 18.5 5.3 67.4 34.1 30.4 7.5 10.1 5.4 7.0 61.8 15.2 14.6 9.3 61.8 74.7 11.6 5.7 11.8 74.7	2.5 .9 2.1 2.0 3.4 1.4 .9 1.6 .7 11.4 3.2 2.5 4.7 4.2 1.1 .6 2.8 1.4 11.7 2.7 3.6 2.8 1.1 2.2 11.1 8 3.9 2.1 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	1.2 .3 .6 1.2 .7 .3 4.7 1.3 1.0 1.6 1.4 .7 .4 .7 4.8 1.0 1.2 .9 .5 1.0 4.2 .3 .3 .3 .4 .7 .4 .7 .8 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9	.7 .2 .5 .4 .7 .3 .2 .8 .9 .7 .9 .4 .3 .3 .2 .8 .6 .8 .6 .4 .6 .1 .1 .3 .2 .4 .4 .2 .5 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6	1.4 .6 1.5 1.4 2.2 .8 .7 .9 1.6 3.1 2.8 .4 .2 .6 .7 2.3 1.9 .6 .7 2.3 1.9 .6 .7 2.3 1.9 .6 .7 2.3 1.9 .7 2.3 1.9 .7 2.3 1.9 .7 2.3 1.9 .7 2.3 1.9 .7 2.3 1.9 .7 2.3 1.9 .7 2.5 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7	2.4 .8 2.1 2.0 3.0 1.2 .8 1.6 3.0 2.3 4.4 3.9 1.1 .6 1.2 10.8 2.6 3.3 2.5 1.1 1.8 8.9 .7 .8 1.9 1.1 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9	1.1 .3 .6 .6 .6 1.1 .5 .2 .7 .3 4.4 1.3 1.0 1.5 1.3 .7 .4 .4 .6 .6 .3 .7 .4 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8	.6 .2 .5 .4 .6 .2 .2 .4 .3 .2 .7 .9 .7 .9 .8 .4 .3 .3 .2 .5 .6 .8 .5 .4 .5 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	1.3 .5 1.5 1.4 1.9 .7 .6 .8 .4 .6.1 1.7 2.6 .6 .6 .6 .5 .6 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .9 .7 .7

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued Indiana

				Injuries ar	nd illnesses			Inju	ıries	
		1996 Annual		Lost work	day cases			Lost work	day cases	
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)	Cases withou lost workday (000's
Electronic and other electric equipment	36	64.5	7.1	3.2	1.6	3.8	5.5	2.4	1.3	3.
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	6.7	.8	.4	.2	.4	.7	.3	.1	
Motors and generators	3621	5.2	.6	.3	.1	.3	.4	.2	.1	
Household appliances	363	8.6	1.2	.6	.1	.6	.9	.4	.1	
Household refrigerators and freezers	3632	6.5	1.0	.5	.1	.5	.8	.3	.1	
Electronic components and accessories Miscellaneous electrical equipment and	367	11.7	1.0	.4	.4	.6	.8	.3	.3	
supplies	369	13.3	1.7	.9	.5	.8	1.4	.7	.4	
Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment	37 371	113.1 89.7	18.0 15.3	5.8 4.8	2.9 2.3	12.2 10.6	14.1 11.7	4.7 3.8	2.6 2.0	9 7
		1			1					1
Motor vehicle parts and accessories Aircraft and parts	3714 372	60.9 7.7	9.7 .6	3.1	1.3	6.6 .4	6.6 .5	2.4	1.1	4
Miscellaneous transportation equipment	379	10.2	1.4	.5	.3	.8	1.3	.5	.3	
Instruments and related products	38	19.2	1.4	.8	.3	.8	1.3	.6	.3	
Measuring and controlling devices	382	7.2	.6	.3	.1	.3	.5	.2	.1	
Medical instruments and supplies	384	10.1	.8	.4	1 .1	.4	.6	.3	.1	
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	11.0	1.3	.7	.3	.6	1.1	.6	.2	
Miscellaneous manufactures	399	5.7	.6	.2	.1	.3	.5	.2	.1	
Nondurable goods		190.5	23.4	11.3	5.5	12.1	19.8	9.4	4.9	10
Food and kindred products	20	33.9	7.4	3.8	1.6	3.5	5.6	2.8	1.5	2
Meat products	201	7.3	3.2	1.7	.4	1.5	1.8	.9	.3	
Grain mill products	204	4.5	.3	.2	.1	.2	.3	.2	.1	
Bakery products	205	5.1	.8	.4	.2	.3	.8	.4	.2	
Beverages	208	4.0	.7	.3	.3	.3	.6	.3	.3	
Apparel and other textile products	23	8.8	1.1	.5	.3	.6	.9	.4	.2	
Paper and allied products	26	15.3	1.2	.6	.4	.7	1.2	.5	.3	
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	7.1	.7	.3	.2	.4	.6	.3	.2	
Miscellaneous converted paper products	267	6.8	.5	.2	.1	.3	.5	.2	.1	١,
Printing and publishing	27	41.0	2.8	1.3	.7	1.5	2.5	1.2	.6	1
Newspapers	271 275	11.2 16.5	.5 1.2	.2 .5	.1	.3 .7	.4	.2 .5	.1	
Chamicals and allied products		28.9	1.6	.5	.3	.8	1.1 1.4	.5	.3	
Chemicals and allied products Drugs	28 283	15.1	.5	.6	.4	.8	.4	.2	.4	
Petroleum and coal products	203	3.8	.2	.1	(8)	.1	.2	.1	(8)	
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	30	55.8	8.7	4.1	2.0	4.6	7.8	3.6	1.8	
Fabricated rubber products, n.e.c.	306	8.4	1.4	.9	.3	.6	1.2	.8	.3	
Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c	308	38.4	6.0	2.5	1.4	3.4	5.4	2.2	1.2	3
Plastics products, n.e.c.	3089	26.0	4.3	1.9	.9	2.4	3.9	1.7	.8	2
Fransportation and public utilities ^{7,9}		132.1	10.4	5.7	4.2	4.7	10.2	5.7	4.2	4
Railroad transportation 7 Local and interurban passenger transit	40 41	- 4.9	.3 .3	.2 .2	.2 .1	(⁸) .1	.3 .3	.2 .2	.2 .1	(8)
Trucking and courier services,	71		.5		''	''	.5	.2	''	
except air ⁹	421	57.3	4.0	1.8	1.4	2.1	4.0	1.8	1.4	2
Transportation by air 9	45	19.0	3.2	2.2	1.8	.9	3.1	2.2	1.8	
Communications	48	20.2	.7	.2	.2	.4	.6	.2	.2	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services	49 491	21.1 10.7	1.5 .6	.7 .2	.3 .1	.9 .3	1.4 .5	.6 .2	.3 .1	
Wholesale and retail trade		678.2	43.8	19.7	12.8	24.1	40.9	18.8	12.3	22
Wholesale trade		138.9	12.5	7.0	4.2	5.5	12.2	6.8	4.1	5
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	90.0	7.6	3.9	2.8	3.7	7.5	3.9	2.8	3
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	14.0	1.2	.6	.3	.6	1.2	.6	.3	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	48.8	4.9	3.1	1.4	1.8	4.7	3.0	1.3	1
Groceries and related products	514	15.2	2.5	1.4	.7	1.2	2.5	1.4	.7	1

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued Indiana

- Indiana											
				Injuries ar	nd illnesses			Inju	ıries		
		1996 Annual		Lost work	day cases			Lost work	day cases		
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	
Retail trade		539.3	31.3	12.7	8.6	18.6	28.7	12.0	8.2	16.7	
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 521 53 54 541 55 551 554 56 57 58 59	26.5 16.5 78.1 71.3 64.7 60.2 23.5 22.2 20.3 19.8 195.4 67.7	2.4 2.1 5.5 5.0 4.5 4.9 1.8 1.0 7.7 1.0 7.8 4.0	1.2 1.1 3.0 1.7 1.3 1.6 .5 .3 .3 .5 2.6	.6 .5 1.7 1.1 1.0 1.4 .5 .2 (⁸) .4 2.2	1.2 1.0 2.5 3.3 3.1 3.3 1.2 .7 .4 .5 5.2 2.2	2.3 2.0 5.3 4.9 4.3 4.5 1.8 1.0 7.0 2.9	1.2 1.1 2.9 1.6 1.3 1.6 .5 .3 .3 .5 2.5	.6 .5 1.7 1.1 1.0 1.4 .5 .2 (⁸) .4 2.0	1.2 .9 2.5 3.2 3.0 2.9 1.2 .7 .4 5 4.6 1.5	
Finance, insurance, and real estate		132.3	3.0	1.3	1.0	1.7	2.7	1.2	.9	1.5	
Depository institutions	60 63 65	44.0 31.0 25.0	.8 .6 1.4	.4 .3 .5	.4 .1 .4	.4 .4 .9	.8 .5 1.3	.4 .2 .5	.4 .1 .4	.4 .3 .8	
Services		598.2	29.7	12.5	8.7	17.2	27.5	11.8	8.2	15.6	
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services Residential care Engineering and management services	70 72 75 76 79 80 805 806 82 83 836 87	22.2 28.3 24.8 8.2 27.3 214.8 50.2 80.9 28.0 43.9 13.4 32.2	1.2 1.6 1.7 .5 1.1 15.8 8.0 5.5 .8 2.9 1.1	.4 .8 .7 .2 .5 7.2 4.1 2.1 .3 1.2 .4	.3 .6 .6 .2 - 4.8 2.7 1.3 .2 .7 .3	.8 .7 1.0 .3 .7 8.6 3.9 3.4 .5 1.7 .7	1.2 1.6 .5 1.1 14.7 7.9 4.9 .7 2.9 1.1	.4 .7 .7 .2 - 6.9 4.0 2.0 .3 1.2 .4	.2 .5 .6 .1 - 4.6 2.6 1.2 .2 .7 .3	.8 .5 1.0 .3 .7 7.8 3.8 2.9 .4 1.7 .7	
State and local government		326.4	20.2	7.2	5.7	13.0	19.1	6.9	5.5	12.2	
State government		89.3	5.4	2.2	1.8	3.2	5.0	2.2	1.7	2.9	
Services		55.3	3.6	1.6	1.3	2.0	3.3	1.5	1.2	1.8	
Health services	80 806 82	10.3 - 43.1	1.5 1.5 2.0	.7 .7 .7	.5 .5 .7	.8 .8 1.2	1.4 1.4 1.8	.7 .7 .7	.5 .5 .6	.7 .7 1.1	
Public administration		33.4	1.8	.7	.5	1.2	1.7	.6	.5	1.1	
Local government		237.1	14.8	4.9	3.9	9.9	14.1	4.8	3.8	9.3	
Services		164.2	8.4	2.7	2.0	5.8	8.1	2.6	2.0	5.5	
Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Libraries	82 821 823	137.8 132.1 –	6.5 6.4 .1	1.9 1.9 (⁸)	1.5 1.4 (⁸)	4.7 4.6 .1	6.4 6.3 .1	1.8 1.8 (⁸)	1.4 1.4 (⁸)	4.5 4.5 .1	

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	1996 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Injuries and illnesses				Injuries			
				Lost workday cases				Lost workday cases		
			Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)	Cases without lost cases workdays (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	
Public administration		68.5	6.0	2.1	1.8	3.8	5.6	2.1	1.7	3.5

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

⁹ In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than those for prior years.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Data not available.

Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment

in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

⁴ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from

work with or without restricted work activity.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁸ Fewer than 50 cases.